## **Medication Deferral List**

DO NOT STOP taking medications prescribed by your doctor in order to donate blood. Donating while taking these drugs could have a negative effect on your health or on the health of the recipient of your blood.

## Please tell us if you:

Are being treated with any of the following types of medications:	or Have taken:		Which is also called:	Anytime in the last:	
	Feldene		piroxicam	2 Days	
Anti-platelet agents (usually taken to prevent stroke or heart attack)	Effient		prasugrel	3 Days	
	Brilinta		ticagrelor	7 Days	
	Plavix		clopidogrel	14 Days	
	Ticlid		ticlopidine		
	Zontivity		vorapaxar	1 Month	
Anticoagulants or "blood thinners" (usually to prevent blood clots in the legs and lungs and to prevent strokes)	Arixtra		fondaparinux	2 Days	
	Eliquis		apixaban		
	Fragmin		dalteparin		
	Lovenox		enoxaparin		
	Pradaxa		dabigatran		
	Savaysa		edoxaban		
	Xarelto		rivaroxaban		
	Coumadin, War	filone, Jantoven	warfarin	7.5	
	Heparin (		heparin	7 Days	
Acne treatment	Absorica	Myorisan	·	1 Month	
	Accutane	Sotret	in the first of		
	Amnesteem	Zenatane	isotretinoin		
	Claravis				
Multiple myeloma	Thalomid Rinvoq		thalidomide	6 Months	
Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)			upadacitinib		
Hair loss remedy	Propecia		finasteride		
Prostate symptoms	Proscar		finasteride		
	Avodart		dutasteride		
	Jalyn				
Immunosuppressant	Cellcept mycophenolate mofetil		6 Weeks		
COVID-19 Monoclonal antibody therapy	Other (monoclonal antibody therapy with medication(s) not on list)		Notify Staff		
	Lilly (manufacturer)		bamlanivimab ± etesevimab	3 Months	
	Regeneron (manufacturer)		casirivimab and imdevimab		
HIV Prevention (PrEP and PEP)	Truvada		tenofovir		
	Descovy		emtricitabine		
	Tivicay		dolutegravir		
	Isentress		raltegravir		
Basal cell skin cancer	Erivedge		vismodegib	2 Years	
	Odomzo		sonidegib		
Relapsing Multiple Sclerosis	Aubagio		teriflunomide		
Rheumatoid arthritis	Arava		leflunomide		
Hepatitis exposure	Hepatitis B Immune Globulin HBIG			1 Year	
Experimental Medication or Unlicensed (Experimental) Vaccine				2.1/	
Psoriasis	Soriatane		acitretin	3 Years	
l egison etretinate					
HIV treatmer	t also known as antiretroviral therapy (ART)			Ever	
Source Plasma Donors Only	Growth hormone from human pituitary glands				
	Insulin from Cows (Bovine or Beef Insulin)				

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## Some medications affect your eligibility as a blood donor, for the following reasons:

Anti-platelet agents affect platelet function, so people taking these drugs should not donate platelets for the indicated time. You may still be able to donate whole blood or red blood cells by apheresis.

Anticoagulants or "blood thinners" are used to treat or prevent blood clots in the legs, lungs, or other parts of the body, and to prevent strokes. These medications affect the blood's ability to clot, which might cause excessive bruising or bleeding when you donate.

**Isotretinoin, finasteride, dutasteride, acitretin, and etretinate** can cause birth defects. Your donated blood could contain high enough levels to damage the unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman.

Thalomid (thalidomide), Erivedge (vismodegib), Odomzo (sonidegib), Aubagio (teriflunomide), Rinvoq (upadacitinib) may cause birth defects or the death of an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman.

Cellcept (mycophenolate mofetil) and Arava (leflunomide) are immunosuppressants which may cause birth defects or the death of an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman.

**PrEP** or pre-exposure prophylaxis involves taking a specific combination of medicines as a prevention method for people who are HIV negative and at high risk of HIV infection.

**PEP** or post-exposure prophylaxis is a short term treatment started as soon as possible after a high-risk exposure to HIV to reduce the risk of infection.

**ART** or antiretroviral therapy is the daily use of a combination of HIV medicines (called an HIV regimen) to treat HIV infection.

**Hepatitis B Immune Globulin (HBIG)** is an injected material used to prevent hepatitis B infection following a possible or known exposure to hepatitis B. HBIG does not prevent hepatitis B infection in every case, therefore, persons who have received HBIG must wait to donate blood.

**Experimental Medication or Unlicensed (Experimental) Vaccine** is usually associated with a research study, and the effect on the safety of transfused blood is unknown.

**COVID-19 Monoclonal antibody therapy** is administered intravenously for the treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19 in adults.

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